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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/623,971	07/21/2003	Gerald J. Roth	1/1374	5344
28501	7590 03/02/2006		EXAMINER	
MICHAEL P. MORRIS			BERNHARDT, EMILY B	
BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM CORPORATION 900 RIDGEBURY ROAD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P. O. BOX 368			1624	
RIDGEFIELD, CT 06877-0368			DATE MAILED: 03/02/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary							
		10/623,971 Examiner	ROTH ET AL. Art Unit	 			
	•	Emily Bernhardt	1624				
	The MAILING DATE of this communicatio	· ·	•	ddress			
Period for		рр					
WHICH - Extensi after SI - If NO po - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R IEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicative eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by ly received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNITY IN THE STATE OF THIS COMMUNITY IN THE STATE OF THE STATE	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status							
1)⊠ 5	desponsive to communication(s) filed on	16 December 2005					
·		This action is non-final.					
i=	<u> </u>						
<i>'</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
		ao. Ex parto Quayro, 1000 o	.5. 11, 400 0.0. 210.				
Dispositio	n of Claims						
4)⊠ C	Claim(s) <u>1-4,6,8,10 and 11</u> is/are pending in the application.						
48	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ C	Claim(s) <u>1-4,6,8 and 11</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ C	Claim(s) <u>10</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🗌 C	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) <u> </u>	claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.					
Application	n Papers						
9)□ TI	ne specification is objected to by the Exa	miner					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the c		• •	ED 1 121/d\			
	ne oath or declaration is objected to by the			, ,			
				10 102.			
	der 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) <u>□</u> 1 2 3	cknowledgment is made of a claim for fo All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority docur Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Brethe attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in priority documents have bee ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No on received in this National	Stage			
2) Notice of States (3) Informa) of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S lo(s)/Mail Date	8) Paper No	r Summary (PTO-413) b(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTC 	O-152)			

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In view of applicants' response filed 12/16/05 the following applies.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

1. Scope of 'substantially pure" for new claim 10 is not unknown. The extent of purity level being covered is not clear. 90%, 95%, 99% pure or some other numerical amount or range is possible but specification provides no guidance as to what degree of purity applicants intend to cover by these claims.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The compound of claim 10 in "substantially pure form" is not seen to have been described in the disclosure as originally filed. The compound *per se* was not particularly made in the instant specification such that a purity level of the resultant product could be

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said to be inherently described nor isolated via a particular technique from biological materials.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heckel (WO'081). The commonly assigned publication of record describes a similar compound to that claimed herein for uses associated with tyrosine kinase inhibition. US'180, newly cited by the examiner, is the English counterpart and is being relied on as a translation of the German document. See cols. 1-20 in the US patent. Closest compound is eg.473 in col.105 in US'180 or in the WO document which has a 6-COOMe group in place of instant 6-COOH. However Heckle teaches in addition to carboalkoxy, COOH at the R2 position as can be seen in the definition appearing in col. 1 as well as in the claims. Compound preparations include product isolation so preparation of instant compound in "substantially pure" form is within the teachings of Heckel. Thus it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the instant invention was made to modify the compound pointed out above by replacing COOMe with COOH with the

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expectation that resulting compound will also possess the activity relied on in the applied art in view of the equivalency teachings outlined above.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 10 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,762,180.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they embrace obvious subject matter as set forth in the above 103 rejection. Instant subject matter is also covered by the claims.

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The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office normally will not institute an interference between applications or a patent and an application of common ownership (see MPEP Chapter 2300). Commonly assigned 6,762,180, discussed above, would form the basis for a rejection of the noted claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) if the commonly assigned case qualifies as prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) and the conflicting inventions were not commonly owned at the time the invention in this application was made. In order for the examiner to resolve this issue, the assignee can, under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and 37 CFR 1.78(c), either show that the conflicting inventions were commonly owned at the time the invention in this application was made, or name the prior inventor of the conflicting subject matter.

A showing that the inventions were commonly owned at the time the invention in this application was made will preclude a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) based upon the commonly assigned case as a reference under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g), or 35 U.S.C. 102(e) for applications pending on or after December 10, 2004.

Claims 1-4,6,8 and 11 are allowed.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emily Bernhardt whose telephone number is 571-272-0664.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the acting supervisor for AU 1624, James O. Wilson can be reached at 571-272-0661. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Emily Bernhardt
Primary Examiner

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